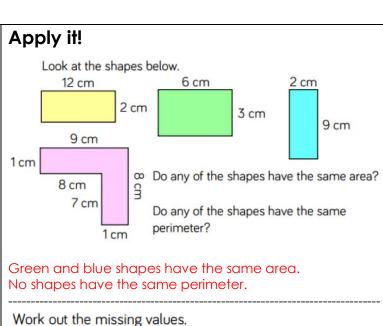
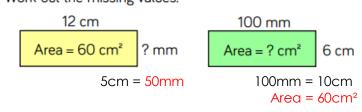


Maths Week 8 - answers

Questions to Answer Find the area and perimeter of these shapes: 2cm 2cm A= 18cm² P=22cm $A = 108m^2$ P = 42m15cm A= 60cm² P= 38cm 11cm 11cm A=121cm² P=44cm 14.5cm 10cm A= 145cm² P=49cm





<u>True or false?</u>

Two rectangles with the same perimeter can have different areas.

Explain your answer with examples.

True - for example:

5cm by 3cm has an area of 15cm² and a perimeter of 16cm.

6cm by 2cm has an area of 12cm² and a perimeter of 16cm.

Games and Investigations

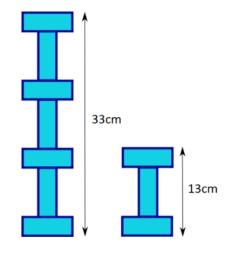
This was a really tricky problem, so well done if you gave it a go!

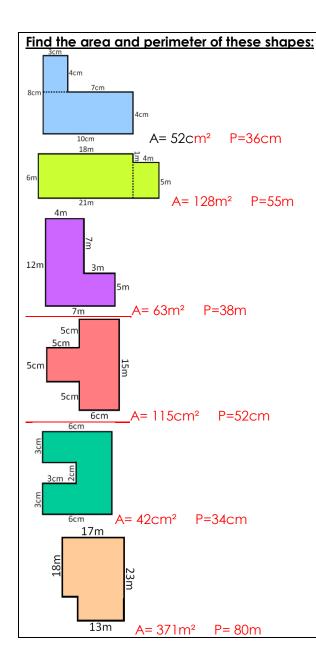
Solution:

https://nrich.maths.org/10344/solution

This diagram shows a number of identical rectangles stacked on top of one another.

Using the measurements given, can you work out the perimeter of **one** single rectangle.



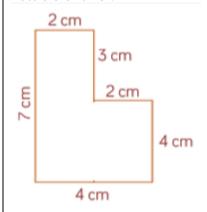


Three children are given the same shape to draw.

Kate says, "The smallest length is 2cm." Lucy says, "The area is less than 30cm²." Ash says, "The perimeter is 22cm."

What could the shape be?

Possible answer:



Challenge

The area of a rectangle is 247cm².

One of its sides is 26cm long.

What is the perimeter of the rectangle?

The other side is 9.5cm long.

Perimeter = 26 + 26 + 9.5 + 9.5 or (26x2) + (9.5x2) = 71cm

You have 2 of the 'I' shapes (made of 3 rectangles) that is 13cm tall, one on the bottom and one on the top, with a single rectangle in the middle.

33 - (13x2) = 7 This tells you the length of the longest side.

Now you can take this away from the 13, to leave you with 2 shorter sides.

13 - 7 = 6 This is the length of 2 shorter sides.

 $6 \div 2 = 3$ Dividing by 2 gives you the length of one of the shorter sides.

Now you know that the longest side is 7cm and the shorter side is 3cm, you can work out the perimeter.

$$7 + 7 + 3 + 3$$
 or $(7x2) + (3x2) = 20$ cm